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To those affected  
their doctors and caretakers  
To Groups and Institutions  
To Media

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**The continuation of the Covid-19 policy after the failure of mRNA vaccines against new virus variants such as Delta and Omicron**

Ladies and Gentlemen

After the now obvious failure of the mRNA vaccines against new variants of SARS-cov-2, we must ask ourselves how the prevention, therapy and research policy of the federal government should be proceeded.

Federal Councilor Alain Berset who told us in May that he wants to make Switzerland a hub for mRNA technology and gave 50 million francs for this research to Dr. Steve Pascolo, working on this technology at the University Hospital Zurich, should now explain to us, together with the members of the Federal Commission for Vaccination Issues (EKIF) and the members of the Federal Commission for Pandemic Preparation and Response (EPK), how his COVID policy should look like in the new year so that a public debate about it can take place now.

The massive delivery of booster-vaccinations, not effective against new virus variants, which should protect everyone from the severe course of Covid-19 until newly formulated mRNA vaccines are available, can certainly not be a solution in the longer term.

The Federal Council's Covid-19 policy follows in many respects those of the Standing Vaccination Commission at the Robert Koch Institute in Berlin (STIKO), in which Prof. Dr. med. Ulrich Heininger from the University Children's Hospital in Basel, a specialist in vaccine-preventable infectious diseases and vaccine safety, is an appointed member since 2001, who is also member of EKIF and EPK. He is obviously a staunch supporter and promoter of MRNA vaccine technology, as evidenced by his publications on the subject. As a co-author, he took part in a multinational cohort study in 2020 on antiviral therapy against Covid-19 in children and adolescents

treated with hydroxichloroquine, remdesivir, lopinavir-ritonavir, corticosteroids and other substances. Later he and colleagues campaigned for schools and after-school care centers to be reopened.

[HTML] [Measles status—barriers to vaccination and strategies for overcoming them](#)

[HTML] [nih.gov](#)

[Determinants of SARS-CoV-2 transmission to guide vaccination strategy in an urban area](#)

[PDF] [medrxiv.org](#)

[Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 vaccines: setting expectations appropriately](#)

[PDF] [Evolution of COVID-19 mortality over time: results from the Swiss hospital surveillance system \(CH-SUR\).](#)

[PDF] [unibe.ch](#)

[Beschlussentwurf der STIKO zur 4. Aktualisierung der COVID-19-Impfempfehlung und die dazugehörige wissenschaftliche Begründung](#)

[PDF] [rki.de](#)

[COVID-19 in children and adolescents in Europe: a multinational, multicentre cohort study](#)

[HTML] [thelancet.com](#)

[HTML] [Children and adolescents in the CoVid-19 pandemic: Schools and daycare centers are to be opened again without restrictions. The protection of teachers ...](#)

[HTML] [nih.gov](#)

On August 18, 2021, the Standing Vaccination Commission issued a general recommendation for the vaccination of children and adolescents from 12 years of age with the mRNA vaccines, saying since children and adolescents are links in the SARS-Cov-2 infection chain and the more unvaccinated people spread infections, the greater the probability of the occurrence of new virus mutations in vaccinated and convalescent people. (The role of particulate matter and nitrogen oxide emissions in the formation of new virus mutations has obviously never been taken into account by this commission.

<https://www.dakj.de/stellungnahmen/covid-19-impfung-fuer-kinder-und-jugendliche-ab-12-jahren/>

The Swiss Federal Office of Public Health and the EKIF have made an official recommendation to vaccinate the five-to eleven-year-olds only for the Biontech-Pfizer vaccine, as the Moderna vaccine for children from six to eleven years of age is still being tested. The Federal Office of Public Health recommends the vaccination especially for those children who are healthily burdened because of a chronic illness or are in close contact with particularly endangered adults. Children

who do not meet these criteria should not be vaccinated. For the other children, both the EKIF and the BAG basically want to leave it to the parents to weigh up the risks and benefits of this vaccination for their child, says Christoph Berger, head of the Federal Commission for Vaccination. The vaccine will be available from the beginning of January 2022. Federal Councilor Alain Berset tells us that half a million vaccine doses are available for this.

The members of the Commission for Pandemic Preparation and Response and the members of the Federal Commission for Vaccination, which the Federal Council has elected until 2023, are now called upon to review the Federal Council's Covid-19 policy.

<https://www.admin.ch/ch/d/cf/ko/gremium 10573.html>

<https://www.admin.ch/ch/d/cf/ko/gremium 10567.html>

This policy has led to the fact that after 2 years of pandemic practically only vaccines of one single technology are administered, although others have been approved in the EU, and to the fact that a compulsory vaccination with these vaccines, which are ineffective against new variants of the virus should be introduced.

While Tanja Stadler from the Covid Task Force believes that the Omicron variant can cause severe cases in vaccinated people and wants to prevent new infections through booster vaccinations, we are repeatedly told that vaccinations and boosters can prevent serious disease progression in infections with Omicron.

Above all, this should mean that even more people can now be vaccinated with the mRNA vaccine, so that the mass test with this technology can be expanded even further.

The reduction of the causes of Covid-19 to the SARS-Cov-2 virus, which could only be contained by new vaccines, and the fading out of all co-factors by virologists, epidemiologists, doctors and the media has obviously led to a dead end. What is needed now is an opening up of the subject and experts from other disciplines in the advisory bodies of the federal government.

As long as there is no open, public discussion about the causes of Covid-19 and sensible measures to contain the pandemic, the Covid-19 policy is likely to continue to turn in circles, while the representatives of the mRNA vaccine lobby want to secure their market share for the future.

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